CENTRAL PROVINCE: DIOCESE OF BEREINA

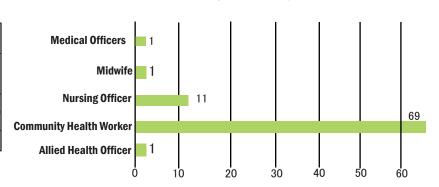


Bereina Diocese erected on July 16 1959 established in 1966 is the catholic headquarters in Central Province. All catholic services are governed by the Bishop. Catholic Church Health Services is managed by a Health Manager who carries out all national health policies and plans under the guidance of the diocese health board. This profile shows a map with CCHS facilities situated in the province and the type of facilities with catchment population figures, it shows facilities registered and pending registration, number of staff and designations. The diocese health infrastructure gives an insight to what resources the facilities has and supports health in that district. The second part of the profile shows CCHS health data on outpatient, antenatal, measles, facility births, outreach and pneumonia. The data provides insight into how CCHS is performing with as per its reports in the 2019 National Information System (NHIS). All the information on this profile are based on 2019 NHIS, HIV SURV and CCHS Biodata.

TYPES OF FACILITY

Type Number of Registered **Pending Facilties** Registration **Health Centre** 3 3 **Sub Centre** 9 4 5 **Aid Post** 5 1 4 VCCT

HEALTH STAFFING



FACILITY INFRASTRUCTURE



Goilala 1 out of 4 facilities are not accessible via road or bush and track. None of the facilities have modes of transport. Kairuku-Hiri 5 out of 11 facilities have modes of transport and all can be accessed via road and only two facilities can be accessed via bush and track.



Goilala District 2 out of 4 facilities have network coverage and communication is by cell phone. There is no VHF radio at any facility. There is network coverage in all but one facility and the main mode of communication is via cell phones as only three facilities have functioning VHF radios.

FACILITY INFRASTRUCTURE









Goilala District 3 out of 4 facilities don't have septic toilets and half the facilities don't have open pit toilets. All facilities have a fixed wash basin in place and only 1 out of 4 facilities has running water supply. The rest depend on a rain catchment system. Three (3) out of 4 facilities have tanks for water storage. Only four facilities in the district have functioning septic toilets and all but two facilities have open pit toilets. There is running water in only two facilities and all but one facility uses a rain catchment system for water supply. Kairuku Hiri 3 out of 11 facilities have tanks for water storage.



Goilala only one facility has a functioning cold chain system for vaccine storage. Five (5) out of 11 facilities in Kairuku-Hiri don't have a working cold chain system.



Goilala District 3 out of 4 facilities does not have power supply or generators in place and none of the facilities have solar power equipment. Kairuku Hiri 7 out of 11 facilities don't have power supply or solar power equipment and only two facilities have back up generators. None of the eleven facilities have incinerators for the burning of waste material.

HEALTH DATA



0.86

Number of outpatients visits made by individuals during the course of a year. More then 2 visits per person per year is an indication that there is demand on accessibility and utilisation of health care services



Measles & Vaccine

Percentage of children under one year who have received 9–11 months dose of measles vaccine. Measles is the leading cause of childhood mortality from vaccine preventable disease. Provinces should aim to reach 80% and above to prevent future disease outbreaks.



Facility Births

The percentage of births that
occur in a hospital and health
centre. Access to
skilled care during
pregnancy and child
birth prevents
maternal and
newborn deaths



38%

The percentage of pregnant women that attended at least one antenatal visit at a hospital, health centre or outreached clinic. This prepares a woman and her families for a safe

child birth.



Pneumonia
3 %

The percentage of children under 5 years who die from pneumo-nia- good quality care (early and effective use of antibiotics) would minimise these deaths.



Outreach 26

Number of outreach clinic per 1000 population under five years . Rural outreach provides an indication for preventative child healthcare and provinces should reach over 50



HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED

- Outpatient
- Community based programs
- Outreach/Mobile services
- · Medical Services
- · Well Baby clinic
- TB Clinics
- · HIV Clinics
- Malaria Prevention Programs
- HIV Prevention Programs
- Nutrition Programs
- · School Health
- Innatient Care

- Supervision Programs
- Child Health/Paediatric care
- Midwifery service
- Family Planning
- Disease Control
- Health Promotion & Prevention
- Clinical Support Services Rural
- Other Services